Water Quality Portal: Using REST API Services to Support Data Discovery

Charles Kovatch (1), James Kreft (2)

(1)U.S. EPA, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds

(2)U.S. Geological Survey, Center for Integrated Data Analytics

EN2014, Philadelphia, PA

February 27, 2014











Overview

- History of Water Quality Exchange
- Introduce Water Quality Portal
- Development of the Portal REST API Services
- Demonstration of Portal Services
- Looking Forward

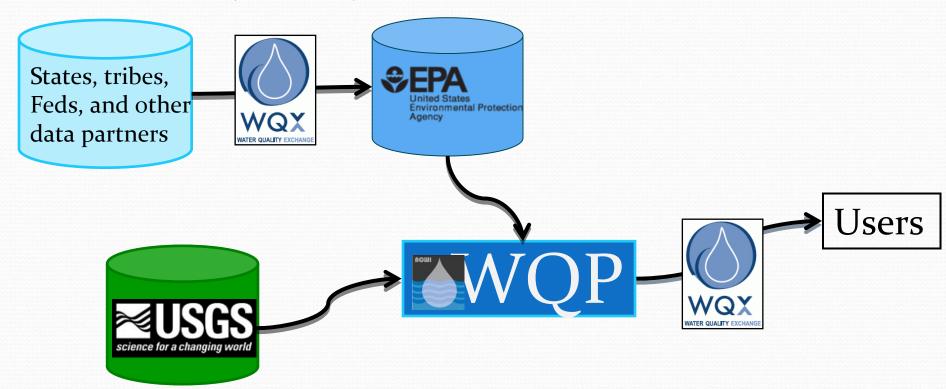
Water Quality Data Exchange (WQX)

- Launched in 2007 to provide a format for submitting water quality data to EPA
- Partnered with Exchange Network to increase the ability of others to share water quality data
 - Over 390 WQX users
 - Over 30 million water data records flowed since 2009
- Established a flexible model for sharing data with other data partners



Interagency Cooperation

• With the support of the National Water Quality Monitoring Council (NWQMC), the Water Quality Portal (WQP) integrates publicly available water-quality data from the USGS National Water Information System (NWIS) and the EPA STOrage and RETrieval (STORET) Data Warehouse.



Early Success of the WQP

- WQP launched in April 2012
 - 50-100 visits per weekday
 - Over 10,000 unique Visitors
 - As many as 3000 downloads per day from web services
 - Recently added USDA Agricultural Research Service

Number of Visits to Portal per Day Feb 2013-Feb 2014



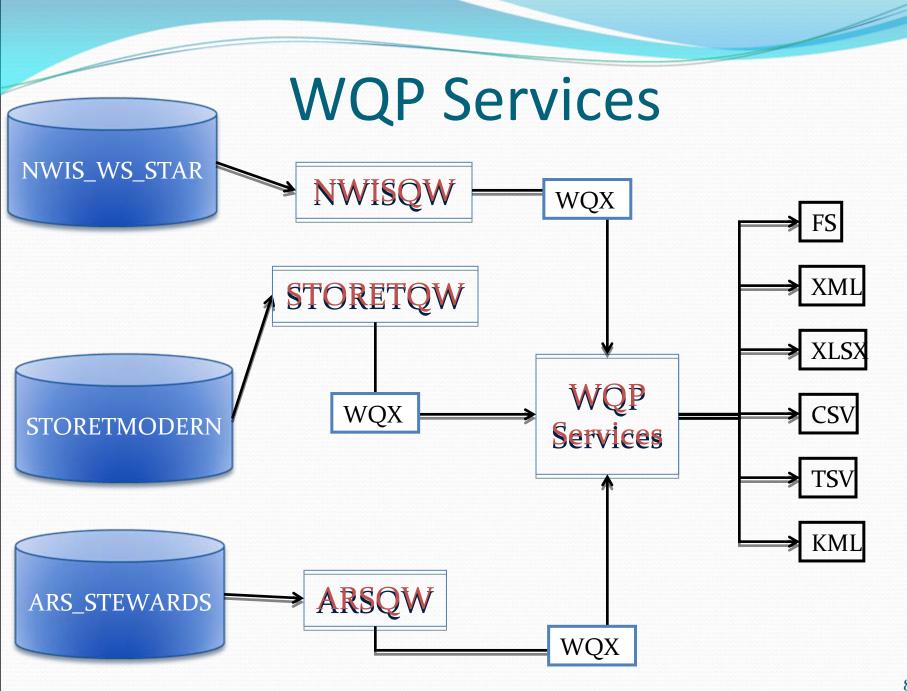
April 2013 July 2013 October 2013 January 2014

Quick Background on REST API

- What are REST API?
 - REpresentational State Transfer (REST) Application Program Interface (API)
 - Tool to define computer-computer interactions
 - Uses standard HTTP protocols (GET, POST, DELETE, etc) instead of custom
- Where are REST API commonly used?
 - Across the internet
 - Almost all website APIs are REST based (Twitter, etc)
- Why are REST API popular?
 - Standard
 - Flexible
 - Low barrier to entry
- How are REST API used?
 - Responses and status codes are the same as for any website
 - Ability to place a service call using a URL into any browser and get a response back

Use of REST API in Developing the WQP

- Development features of REST API
 - Decouples database from web service
 - Reduces the overhead for adding new features
 - Relieves the need to build as many tools and instead promotes more user documentation
 - Allows for Agile and loosely coupled expansion of services and tools
 - Allows others to build their own tools using standard libraries
- Example
 - Map service pulls from WQP Web Service and transforms WQX data to the map



Benefits of WQP Web Services

- Fairly low entry and use requirements
 - Part of REST utility is by using URL
- Provides an easy way to access data and bypass the WQP form interface
- Easy to follow set-up instructions in Web Service User Guide
- Increases ability of others to call data for analysis
- No throttling or restriction of data access

WQP and EN v2.0

- Increase the amount of data available in the WQP
 - Participation in the Portal is through WQX
- Increase the outreach on the utility of WQP Services
 - Data are available and publically accessible for use
- Support the Exchange Network 2.0 vision
 - Promote data formatting to better enable sharing, improve discovery and increase data value
- Identify untapped opportunities
 - Mobile devices, GIS applications, additional data types

Come visit us

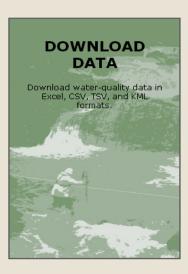


NATIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING COUNCIL

Working Together for Clean Water

Water Quality Portal

The Water Quality Portal (WQP) is a cooperative service sponsored by the United States Geological Survey (USGS), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the National Water Quality Monitoring Council (NWOMC).



HOW TO USE THE WQP User Guide Web Services Guide FAQs Upload Data







